- (2) In cases involving Navy attorneys serving in Marine Corps units, or involving Marine Corps attorneys serving in Navy units, to the Commandant of the Marine Corps (Attn: JA):
- (3) In cases involving members of the Navy-Marine Corps Trial Judiciary, to the Trial Judiciary Chief Judge; and
- (4) To the appropriate military service attorney discipline section if the complaint involves covered attorneys certified by the Judge Advocates General/Chief Counsel of the other uniformed services.

§ 776.82 Interim suspension.

- (a) Where the Rules Counsel determines there is probable cause to believe that a covered attorney has committed misconduct or other violations of this part, and poses a substantial threat of irreparable harm to his or her clients or the orderly administration of military justice, the Rules Counsel shall so advise the JAG. Examples of when a covered attorney may pose a "substantial threat of irreparable harm" include:
- (1) When charged with the commission of a crime which involves moral turpitude or reflects adversely upon the covered attorney's fitness to practice law, and where substantial evidence exists to support the charge;
- (2) When engaged in the unauthorized practice of law (e.g., failure to maintain good standing in accordance with §776.71 of this part); or
- (3) Where unable to represent client interests competently.
- (b) Upon receipt of information from the Rules Counsel, JAG may order the covered attorney to show cause why he or she should not face interim suspension, pending completion of a professional responsibility investigation. The covered attorney shall have 10 calendar days in which to respond.
- (c) If an order to show cause has been issued under paragraph (b) of this section, and the period for response has passed without a response, or after consideration of any response and finding sufficient evidence demonstrating probable cause to believe that the covered attorney is guilty of misconduct and poses a substantial threat of irreparable harm to his or her client or the orderly administration of military jus-

- tice, JAG may direct an interim suspension of the covered attorney's certification under Articles 26(b) or 27(b), UCMJ, or R.C.M. 502(d)(3), or the authority to provide legal assistance, pending the results of the investigation and final action under this instruction.
- (d) Within 10 days of JAG's decision to impose an interim suspension, the covered attorney may request an opportunity to be heard before an impartial officer designated by JAG. Where so requested, that opportunity will be scheduled within 10 calendar days of the request. The designated officer shall receive any information that the covered attorney chooses to submit on the limited issue of whether to continue the interim suspension. The designated officer shall submit a recommendation to JAG within 5 calendar days of conclusion.
- (e) A covered attorney may, based upon a claim of changed circumstances or newly discovered evidence, petition for dissolution or amendment of JAG's imposition of interim suspension.
- (f) Any professional responsibility investigation involving a covered attorney who has been suspended pursuant to this section shall proceed and be concluded without appreciable delay. However, JAG may determine it necessary to await completion of a related criminal investigation or proceeding, or completion of a professional responsibility action initiated by other licensing authorities. In such cases, JAG shall cause the Rules Counsel to so notify the covered attorney under interim suspension. Where necessary, continuation of the interim suspension shall be reviewed by JAG every 6 months.

§ 776.83 Preliminary inquiry.

- (a) The purpose of the preliminary inquiry is to determine whether, in the opinion of the officer appointed to conduct the preliminary inquiry (PIO), the questioned conduct occurred and, if so, whether it constitutes a violation of this part or the Code of Judicial Conduct. The PIO is to recommend appropriate action in cases of substantiated violations.
- (b) Upon receipt of the complaint and charges, the PIO shall promptly investigate the charges, generally following